# MiT

# **Measurement Instrument Technology**

WTC MiT (Measurement Instrument Technology) collects critical weld data essential for an informed welding quality process. It is installed as a peripheral device that easily connects with any robot or weld control. The data collected is stored on WTC **View-***R* that can be viewed as clear graphical information on WTC **View***NET*. This gives the weld engineer or plant maintenance personnel the ability to monitor every weld control in the plant from a single interface.

- O AC and MFDC Weld Data Detection
- O Data Collection:
  - O Max / Average / Min Secondary Current
  - Weld Time in milliseconds
  - Calculated Resistance
    Average (RA), Peak (RP) and Drop (RD)
    TCD Duck Crack Archive
  - TCP Push Graph Archive
    Current, Resistance, Heat and Energy
    O Expulsion Detection
- O Self Testing for Secondary Current Coil and Voltage Probes
- O LED Display: Weld Count, IP Address, "COIL"
- O Three Ethernet Ports Supports DLR architecture
- O SoftQ<sup>™</sup> Tool Features
- O Network Ready (View-R) for Data Granularity



## Upgrade Legacy Equipment for an Industry 4.0 Factory!

Your old but reliable factory equipment can be monitored to ensure that quality production processes remains constant and that you can prove it with independent concentrated data acquisition.





#### WTC View-*R* Data Management



Legacy Resistance Welding Control



The MiT has analog inputs for secondary current and secondary voltage signals. These signals are used to detect when a weld starts and ends. This generates weld summary and weld graph data in a similar format to WTC weld control data.

Like WTC weld controls, the MiT's data can be collected and stored in WTC's **View-***R* device. This give you the ability to collect and monitor all resistance weld data from a single interface. The **View-***R*'s traceability features can be used with a MiT to provide enhanced data granularity for the SoftQ quality system.

The MiT uses an internal algorithm to determine when a weld starts and ends based on the signal coming from the Rigowski coil. The Rigowski coil is required. There are several global parameters defining how the MiT detects the weld (AC vs MFDC, AC frequency, current range and coil sensitivity) in Network and Parameter Configurations.

After a weld is complete, the MiT will output weld summary and graph data:

**Summary:** Weld time (msec), Secondary Current (Max/Avg/Min), Secondary Resistance (Avg/Peak/End/ Drop), Fault/Alert Code, Total Heat, Total Energy, Expulsion time, and more....

Graph Data: Secondary Current, Secondary Resistance, Heat and Cumulative Energy

#### 1. LED DISPLAY - shows the:

- \* Weld count since last powerup
- \* "COIL" if the MiT detects no Rogowski coil

\* IP address. Each octet of the IP address will be displayed one at a time, with the decimal position showing which octet is being displayed: e.g. 089.089.200.250

£202<mark>→ 9.089</mark>→ 9089<mark>→</mark> 9290 <del>→</del> 9290

- 2. POWER IN 3pin M12: 120/240VAC or 24VDC
- 3. FUSE
- 4. COMM 9pin D-sub serial connector for DEP 600
- 5. SEC V Connection for secondary voltage wires
- 6. SEC I Connection for Rogowski current coil
- 7. ENET 4pin M12 barrel connector for local ENET
- ENET/IP (2x) 4pin M12 barrel connector for ENET/IP (both ports share same IP address for DLR network)

#### Parameters of the MiT can be setup in three ways:

- 1) View Net interface through the View-R
- 2) Web browsing via MiT's IP address port 8080 onto MiT web pages
- 3) DEP 600 via the COMM port



via COMM port (Option)

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### Mappable Inputs for Advanced Process Integration:

The MiT has default inputs for an external device to inform the MiT of the current process for tagging specific information to the weld data being transferred to the **View-***R*.

- \* Weld ID (WC#): Binary bits to identify the total number of welds expected.
- \* Spot ID (S#): Binary bits to identify the Model ID of the part being welded.
- \* Stepper Reset (SR): Boolean bit to reset the MiT Linear Stepper Count
- \* Tip Dress (TD): Boolean bit to identify a Tip Dress Verification Weld.

WC1	WC2	WC4	WC8	WC16	WC32	WC64	W128
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S9	S10	S11	S12	S13	S14	S15	S16
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S17	S18	S19	S20	S21	S22	SR	TD
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## **Enhance Your Productivity with Quality Using WTC Weld Controls**

## RELIABILITY

- WELD TRANSFORMER PROTECTION (Flux Control)
- Weld Transformer SECONDARY
  DIODE SHORT DETECTION
- TOOLING INTEGRITY Monitoring of Secondary Degradation
- PROCESS INTEGRITY Confirmation of Consistency

## WELD SPILL AVOIDANCE

- NUGGET INTEGRITY Verification of Nugget Size
- TIP DRESS VERIFICATION -Confirmation of Dressed Electrodes
- ADAPTIVE WELDING Automatic Compensation for Minor Disturbances



WTC 6000 MFDC Inverter

## TECHNOLOGY

- SoftQ Monitoring of Tooling, Process and Nugget Integrity
- RAFT Adaptive Quality Algorithm
- FORCE MONITORING Graphical Data of Force Profile
- FORCE CONTROL Set a Forge Force Value and Send Signal to Execute to Robot
- VOLT/SECONDS FIRING Switch from Constant Current to Volt/Secs Firing for Projection Welding

## QUALITY TOOLS

- FAST RISE TIME to Target Current -Achieve Target Current Faster
- BALANCED FIRING of Weld Transformer - Avoid Weld Transformer Saturation
- GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION of Resistance, Current, Force and Energy (ms time base)
- EXPULSION FREE REPORTING -Minimize or Eliminate Expulsion





## **APPLICATIONS**

- VARIOUS I/O CONFIGURATIONS -Ethernet IP, ProfiNet, ProfiBus, Device Net, Discrete
- MULTI-LANGUAGE: English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Turkish
- ROBOTIC WELDING
- MANUAL WELDING

CUSTOMER PPLICATION

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PRODUCTS

FIXTURE WELDING

#### WT6000 Programmability

- SEAM WELDING
- PROJECTION WELDING
- GROUND FAULT MONITORING
- ANALOG I/O
- VARIOUS INVERTER SIZES
- PROGRAMMABLE OPERATING FREQUENCY 400-2000hertz





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